St John Bosco RC Primary School

With Jesus in our hearts, we love, pray, learn and play.

History Long Term Plan, Progression and Coverage January 2024



History learning at St John Bosco is based on the following substantive concepts: community, knowledge, invasion, civilisation, power and democracy.

History draws upon prior learning, wherever the content is taught. For example, in the EYFS, pupils may learn about the past and present through daily activities, exploring through change, and understanding more about the lives of others through books and visitors as well as their own experiences. These experiences are drawn upon and used to position new learning in KS1. Our History curriculum uses the CUSP scheme of work as a base but is adapted to suit the unique identity of our school.

The structure is built around the principles of advancing cumulative knowledge, chronology, change through cause and consequence, as well as making connections within and throughout periods of time studied. History is planned so that the retention of knowledge is much more than just 'in the moment knowledge'. The cumulative nature of the curriculum is made memorable by use of Socrative Quizzes and Kagan Strategies in our classrooms. That means the foundational knowledge of the curriculum is positioned to ease the load on the working memory: new content is connected to prior learning. The effect of this cumulative model supports opportunities for children to associate and connect with significant periods of time, people, places and events.

We also teach the children to "Think Historically," via the following concepts: community; cause and consequence; change and continuity; similarity and difference; evidence and significance.

Our intention is that pupils become 'more expert' in History with each study and grow an ever broadening and coherent mental timeline. This guards against superficial, disconnected and fragmented understanding of the past.

Specific and associated historical vocabulary is taught sequentially and cumulatively from Y1 to Y6. High frequency, multiple meaning words (Tier 2) are taught alongside and help make sense of subject specific words (Tier 3).

Substantive concepts are attached to the following units:

		BIG ID	EAS - SUGGESTEI	SUBSTANTIVE CONCEPTS		
Community	Knowledg	e	Invasion	Civilisation	Power	Democracy
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding the world Past and Present Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class	Changes within living memory	Events beyond living memory COMMUNITY DEMOCRACY City, Monarchy, King, Merchant, Parliament, Society, Religion	Stone Age Bronze Age Iron Age KNOWLEDGE COMMUNITY Settlement, Belief, Conflict, Trade, Trade routes	Anglo-Saxons INVASION POWER Kingdom, Monarchy Trade, Migration, Religion, Settlement, Conflict, King	Compare non-European society with Anglo-Saxons (Maya) CIVILISATION KNOWLEDGE POWER City-State, Conflict, Enemy, Famine, King, Nobility, Queen, Belief, Ruler, Rules and law, Settlement, Trade, War Early Islamic or Benin to be written Spring 2022	Windrush Generation COMMUNITY DEMOCRACY Alliance, Ancestor, Army, Colony, Conflict, Freedom, Migration, Immigration, Monarchy, Peace, Rights, Rules, Society, Trade, Voyage, Religion, Nationality
Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps Know some similarities and differences between different	Lives of significant people KNOWLEDGE COMMUNITY Past, Rights, Discovery Discrimination, Queen, Monarchy, Explore Society, Pioneer	Revisit events beyond living memory COMMUNITY DEMOCRACY City, Monarchy, King, Merchant, Parliament, Society, Religion	Rome and its impact on Britain INVASION CIVILISATION Army, Conflict Empire, Settlement, Rules / Law, Rights, Tax, Trade, Nation, Emperor, Frontier, Religion	Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggles INVASION POWER Kingdom, Trade, Migration Belief, Settlement, Heir, Monarchy, Conflict, King, Religion	Ancient Greeks POWER DEMOCRACY KNOWLEDGE Army, City-State, Conflict, Democracy, Empire, Enemy, Military, Belief, Navy, Rights, Ruler, Settlement, Slave, Society, Trade, Voyage and War	Monarchs POWER DEMOCRACY Conflict, Conquest, Empire, Monarchy, Cueen, King Ancestor, Aristocracy, Church, Religion, Peace, Nation, Parliament Society, Rules / law Battle of Britain INVASION COMMUNITY Monarchy, King, Conflict, Democracy, Dictator, Freedom, Laws, Military, Parliament, Prime Minister, Rights, War
religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps	More lives of significant people KNOWLEDGE COMMUNITY Explore, Rights, Freedom, Society, Frontier, Pioneer	Significant historical events, people and places in our locality COMMUNITY Monarchy, King, Queen, Religion, Society, Trade, Church, Settlement,		Achievements of an ancient civilisation Egypt CIVILISATION POWER Empire, Kingdom, Settlement, Society, King, Nobility, Power, Queen, Beliefs, Trade, War, Hierarchy, Slave Shang Dynasty, Sumer and Indus Valley to be written Spring 2022		Local history study COMMUNITY Guidance to be written Spring 2022

EYFS History

		developed in EYFS			
Specific Area of Learning Understanding the World • A	environment using knowledge from observations, discussions, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.	History Historian After Before New Old Now Past Present Time Linked to communication and language pupils will: Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Describe events in some detail. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Engage in non-fiction books Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge	 Achieved in Nursery Know about personal history – birthdays, celebrations Celebrating cultural diversity of children in the class Traditional festivals and celebrations Routines - Learning Feedback times – talking about learning from the previous day / week etc Through interactions talking about what they did yesterday, last week, last year. Life cycles and growing plants to introduce change over time 	 Reception Personal history: how they celebrate Christmas, new year, family celebrations such as Birthday's – throughout the year. Learning about the family traditions of children in class from different cultural backgrounds. Remembrance Day Black History week – Rosa Parks Bonfire Night – Guy Fawkes R.E themes taught through Discovery RE Exploring the Art of Vincent Van Gogh – The Starry Night, Sunflowers. London past and present – Link 'The Naughty Bus,' story. Learning Feedback times – talking about learning from the previous day / week etc Through interactions talking about what they did yesterday, last week, last year. Child led learning inspired from books – Tim Peake / Astronauts. 	 Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally

Progression through the year groups:

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y1	COMMUNITY	Past and Present	Stages	toddler	construction
Unit 1	Nationality, Rights, Society	Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society	What are the stages in my life?	timeline	physical
Changes within living memory		Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class	Changes What did I play with when I was a baby? Why was that?	different compare	imagination lifetime
		Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling	What did I play with when I was 1 or 2 years old? Why was that?	memory	stages
		People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories,	What did I play with when I was 3 or 4 years old? Why was that?		
		non-fiction texts and maps Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this	What did I play with when I started school? Why was that?		
		country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps	Explain it What changes have happened in my lifetime?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y1	KNOWLEDGE	Science	Mary Anning	·	fossil
11	COMMUNITY	Animals, including humans		legacy	103311
	COMMONT	7 tillinais, incloding nomalis	Who was Mary Anning? What did		
Unit 2	Past, Rights, Discovery	Plants	she do?	inspire	documentary
The lives of	Discrimination, Queen,	Past and Present	What did Mary Anning discover?	revealed	significant
significant people	Monarchy, Explore	- 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	What are wary Aming discover.	revealed	Significant
3igilificant people	Society, Pioneer	Talk about the lives of the people around them	David Attenborough	explore	naturalist
		and their roles in society	Who is David Attenborough? What	explore	liacoransc
		Know some similarities and differences	does he do?	similar	ove a dition
		between things in the past and now, drawing	does he do?	Similar	expedition
		on their experiences and what has been read in	NAVI - Librar Daniel Allanda - La		
		class	What has David Attenborough		
		Understand the past through settings,	achieved?		
		characters and events encountered in books			
		read in class and storytelling	Compare		
		, ,	Compare the lives of Mary Anning		
			and David Attenborough.		
		People, Culture and Communities			
		Describe their immediate environment using	What was similar and what was		
		knowledge from observation, discussion,	different?		
		stories, non-fiction texts and maps			
		Know some similarities and differences			
		between different religious and cultural			
		communities in this country, drawing on their			
		experiences and what has been read in class			
		Explain some similarities and differences			
		between life in this country and life in other			1
		countries, drawing on knowledge from stories,			
		non-fiction texts and – when appropriate –			1
		maps			

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
	Explore, Rights, Freedom, Society, Frontier, Pioneer	EYFS Past and Present People, Culture and Communities History Lives of significant people Science		Vocabulary legacy inspire pioneer explore similar	Vocabulary orbit racism significant astronaut expedition
		Animals, including humans Plants	What did he achieve? Remember Compare the achievements of two significant individuals. What was similar and what was different?		

Year group, Unit	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2	Tier 3
Title and Name	Sobstantive concept	i revious Learning	big ideas/key doesdoiis/Learning roci	Vocabulary	Vocabulary

Y ₂	COMMUNITY	EYFS	When and where?	bustling	flammable
Unit 1	DEMOCRACY City, Monarchy, King,	Past and Present	Where is London? When was the Great Fire of London?	raged	devoured
Events beyond	Merchant, Parliament, Society, Religion	People, Culture and Communities	What?	extinguished	possessions
living memory	,. J		How did the fire start? Why did the fire spread so quickly?	merchant	ineffective
		History	Study Sunday 2nd September 1666 - Where did	engulfed	doused
		Lives of significant people	the fire spread to?		
		More lives of significant people	Study Monday 3rd and Tuesday 4th September 1666 - Where did the fire spread to? Study Wednesday 5th and Thursday 6th September 1666		
		Science	Evidence and change		
		Everyday materials	How do we know about the Great Fire of London?		
			Study sources of evidence, including artefacts, newspapers and diary entries from Samuel Pepys and John Evelyn. What effect did the fire have on London?		
			As a consequence of the fire, what changes were made to London?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y2 Unit 2 Significant historical events, people and places	COMMUNITY Monarchy, King, Queen, Religion, Society, Trade, Church, Settlement,	Past and Present People, Culture and Communities	Blackley today Remember - what is Blackley like today? Blackley in the past What things happened there? What did it look like?	jockey chronology memorial devastated	monarch common code
in Blackley		History Lives of significant people More lives of significant people Events beyond living memory	What I know about Blackley? Blackley: what do you remember about the past?	converted	racecourse

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y2 Unit 3 Significant historical events, people and places	KNOWLEDGE COMMUNITY Explore, Rights, Freedom, Society, Frontier, Pioneer	Past and Present People, Culture and Communities History Lives of significant people Science Animals, including humans Plants	Pioneer Who was Mary Seacole? What did she achieve? What significant events took place during her life. Remember Compare the achievements of two significant individuals. What was similar and what was different?	legacy inspire racism explore similar nurse	significant cholera herbalist Crimean war

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y ₃	KNOWLEDGE	EYFS	Stone Age	ancient	domesticated
Unit 1 Changes in	COMMUNITY Settlement, Belief, Conflict, Trade, Trade routes	Past and Present People, Culture and Communities	Introduce the three periods of time in the Stone Age. What were Palaeolithic times like? How do we know?	community	arid gatherer
Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age	Toutes		What were Mesolithic times like? How do we know? What were Neolithic times like? How do we	extinct	nomad
		History	know?	roaming	reared
		Lives of significant people More lives of significant people Events beyond living memory Revisit events beyond living memory Science Rocks	Bronze Age When was the Bronze Age? What was the Bronze Age like? How do we know? How was the Bronze Age different to the Stone Age? Iron Age When was the Iron Age? What was the Iron Age like? How do we know? What changes do artefacts, burials and monuments tell us about the difference between the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age?	prehistory	submerged

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y3	INVASION	Lives of significant people	People and belief	previously	amphitheatre
Unit 2	CIVILISATION Army, Conflict Empire,	More lives of significant people	Who were the Romans? What was it like to live in Rome?	conquered	emperor
The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	Settlement, Rules / Law, Rights, Tax, Trade, Nation, Emperor,	Events beyond living memory	The invasion of ancient Britain Remember the Celtic people: what was it like	rebellion luxurious	aqueducts invasion
impact on britain	Frontier, Religion	Revisit events beyond living	to live during the Iron Age?	culture	barbarian
		memory Changes in Britain from the	When did the Romans invade Britain?	settlement	forum
		Stone Age to the Iron Age	Resistance and change Who resisted the Roman invasion?		
		Science	Technology: how did Britain change under Roman rule?		
		Rocks	Review session - can be used to elaborate or catch-up study		
			Belief: how did Britain change under Roman rule?		
			SUMMARISE IT: what was the impact of the Roman Empire on Britain?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y3	COMMUNITY	EYFS	People and belief	Racism	
	KNOWLEDGE		Research and explore the lives of two famous		
Unit 3		Past and Present	Black Mancunians? What did they achieve?	Equality	
		People, Culture and			
Black History in		Communities	What significant events took place during		
Manchester		Communicies	their lives.		
		History			
		History	Remember		
		Lives of significant people	Compare the achievements of two significant		
			individuals. What was similar and what was		
		More lives of significant	different?		
		people			
		Events beyond living	Resistance and change		
		memory	Who resisted the influence of		
		memory	Who resisted the inhochee of		
		Revisit events beyond living	SUMMARISE IT:		
		memory	SOMM/ MASE IT.		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	COMMUNITY	EYFS	People and belief	Racism	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Unit 1a	KNOWLEDGE	Past and Present	Research and explore the lives of : Martin Luther King	Equality	
Significant people from Black		People, Culture and Communities	Rosa Parks Nelson Mandela		
History			What significant events took place during their lives.		
		History			
		Lives of significant people	Remember		
		More lives of significant people	Compare the achievements of two significant individuals. What was similar and what was different?		
		Events beyond living memory			
		Revisit events beyond living memory	Resistance and change Who resisted the influence of		
			SUMMARISE IT:		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	INVASION	Changes in Britain from the	Cause	abandoned	heptarchy
	POWER	Stone Age to the Iron Age	Why did the Anglo-Saxons come to Britain?		
Unit 1				defenceless	laden
	Kingdom, Monarchy	The Roman Empire and its	Where did the Anglo-Saxons come from?		
Britain's	Trade, Migration,	impact on Britain	J G	dominant	sporadic
settlement by	Religion, Settlement,		Anglo-Saxon life in Britain		
Anglo-Saxons and Scots	Conflict, King		What was life like for Anglo-Saxons in Britain?	missionary	vanquish
uu 5 5 5 5 5			What kingdoms were formed by the Anglo-	pagan	viewpoint
			Saxons?		
				reliant	migration
			Evidence		
			How do we know about the Anglo-Saxons?		
			Religion How did religion influence the Anglo-Saxons? How do we know this?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	INVASION POWER	Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age	Origins What was life like for Vikings?	contested	decimated
Unit 2	Kingdom, Trade,	The Roman Empire and its	When did the Vikings attack Britain?	exile	incursion
The Viking and Anglo-Saxon	Migration Belief, Settlement, Heir,	impact on Britain	Settlement Where did the Vikings invade and settle?	descendant	ransack
struggle for the Kingdom of	Monarchy, Conflict, King, Religion	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	Why were the Vikings so feared and successful?	heir	severed
England to the				plunder	martyr
time of Edward the Confessor			Struggle for power When were the Vikings most powerful? What peace was agreed between the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings?	truce	marauding
			Consequence What happened to the Vikings in England? Why did the Normans and Vikings both think they had the right to the throne of England?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	CIVILISATION POWER	Changes in Britain from the	People and place	colossal	funerary
Unit 3	Empire, Kingdom, Settlement, Society,	Stone Age to the Iron Age The Roman Empire and its	Who were a few of the earliest civilisations and what did they achieve?	stability	hieroglyphs
The achievements of	King, Nobility, Power, Queen, Beliefs, Trade,	impact on Britain	Who were the ancient Egyptians and where did they live?	society	artefact
the earliest civilizations	War, Hierarchy, Slave	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	Ancient Egyptian kingdoms	civilisation	pillaged
Ancient Egypt		The Viking and Anglo-Saxon	The Old Kingdom: who was significant and what did they achieve?	irrigation	obelisk
,c.c = 3, pc		struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor	The Middle Kingdom: who was significant and what did they achieve?	mysteriously	pharaoh
			The New Kingdom: who was significant and what did they achieve?		
			Achievements and beliefs Achievements: how and what did the ancient Egyptians write?		
			Achievements: How did the ancient Egyptians use the River Nile?		
			Gods: what did the ancient Egyptians believe in?		
			Evidence: what do we know about Tutankhamun?		

Year group, Unit	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2	Tier 3
Year group, Unit Title and Name Y5 Unit 1 A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history Maya c.AD 900	CIVILISATION KNOWLEDGE POWER City-State, Conflict, Enemy, Famine, King, Nobility, Queen, Belief, Ruler, Rules and law, Settlement, Trade, War	Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor The achievements of the	People and place Where did the Maya live? What were the significant events in the Maya's history? City-states What were Maya city-states like? City-state study – Tikal, Palenque or Chichen Itza Inventions What did the Maya invent?	Tier 2 Vocabulary population famine descendant declining citizen native	Tier 3 Vocabulary deforestation codex sacrifice astronomy warrior polytheistic
		The achievements of the earliest civilizations	Consequences What happened to the Maya city-states? Comparisons Remember Britain and the Anglo-Saxons Compare location, settlement, people, culture and invention between Anglo-Saxons and Maya c. AD 900		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y ₅	POWER	Changes in Britain from	People and belief	democracy	city-state
Unit 2	DEMOCRACY KNOWLEDGE	the Stone Age to the Iron Age	Who were the Ancient Greeks and when did they rule? What beliefs did the Ancient Greeks hold?	honour	tyrant
Ancient Greece – a study of Greek	Army, City-State, Conflict, Democracy, Empire, Enemy,	The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	Powerful city-states City-states: what was the difference between Athens	phenomenal	sanctuary
life and achievements	Military, Belief, Navy, Rights, Ruler,	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	and Sparta? What was democracy like in Athens?	deteriorated	tactical
and their influence on the western world	Settlement, Slave, Society, Trade, Voyage and War	The Viking and Anglo-	Ancient Greek way of life (culture) Why was the theatre important to the Ancient Greeks?	armoured oppressive	valiantly
	, 3	Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the	What myths and fables did the Ancient Greeks create?	орр. соо с	
		time of Edward the Confessor	Pivotal battles What happened at the Battles of Marathon and		
		The achievements of the earliest civilizations	Salamis? Why were they important? Legacy		
		A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history	Why were the Olympic games invented by the Ancient Greeks? Who was Alexander the Great and why was he so renowned?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
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Y ₅	POWER	Changes in Britain from	People and belief	democracy	
	DEMOCRACY	the Stone Age to the Iron			
Unit 3	KNOWLEDGE	Age		honour	
		7.90	Tudor way of life (culture)		
The lives of black	Army, City-State,	The Roman Empire and its	rousi way or me (esitore)	phenomenal	
	Conflict, Democracy,	· ·		prienomena	
people in Tudor	Empire, Enemy,	impact on Britain			
times.	Military, Belief, Navy,	Pritain's sattlement by		deteriorated	
	Rights, Ruler,	Britain's settlement by	Pivotal battles		
	Settlement, Slave,	Anglo-Saxons and Scots		armoured	
	Society, Trade,				
	Voyage and War	The Viking and Anglo-		oppressive	
	voyage and war	Saxon struggle for the	T	oppiessive	
		Kingdom of England to the	Legacy		
		time of Edward the			
		Confessor			
		The achievements of the			
		earliest civilizations			
		A non-European society			
		that provides contrasts			
		· ·			
		with British history			
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Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y6	COMMUNITY	Changes in Britain from the Stone	People and place	intolerance	racism
Unit 1	DEMOCRACY Alliance, Ancestor,	Age to the Iron Age The Roman Empire and its impact	Where are the Caribbean islands? What's their history?	immigrate	segregation
A study of an aspect or theme	Army, Colony, Conflict, Freedom, Migration,	on Britain	Migration and settlement How did the people of the Caribbean help	prejudice	diversity
in British history that extends	Immigration, Monarchy, Peace,	Britain's settlement by Anglo- Saxons and Scots	Britain in the war against Nazi Germany and Hitler?	colony	disembarked
pupils' chronological	Rights, Rules, Society, Trade, Voyage,	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England	Why did people migrate from the Caribbean	emigrate	demobilised
knowledge beyond 1066	Religion, Nationality	to the time of Edward the Confessor	to England in 1948?	discrimination	iniquitous
 Windrush generation		The achievements of the earliest civilizations	What was life in London like for the Windrush pioneers?		
generation		A non-European society that provides contrasts with British	Who was Sam King and what did he do?		
		history	Who was Norma Best and what did she do?		
		Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world	Application How did the Windrush migration change Britain for the better?		

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Year group, Unit	Substantive concept	Provious Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2	Tier 3
Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Vocabulary	Vocabulary

Y6	POWER	Changes in Britain from the Stone	William the Conqueror	lucrative	aristocracy
Unit 2a	DEMOCRACY Conflict, Conquest,	Age to the Iron Age The Roman Empire and its impact	How is William I remembered? What legacy did he leave?	prosperity	monastery
A study of an aspect or theme	Empire, Monarchy, Queen, King Ancestor, Aristocracy,	on Britain Britain's settlement by Anglo-	Henry VIII How is Henry VIII remembered?	republic	dissolution
in British history that extends pupils'	Church, Religion, Peace, Nation, Parliament	Saxons and Scots	What legacy did he leave? Elizabeth I	plundered arrogant	privateers industrialisation
chronological knowledge	Society, Rules / law, War	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England	How is Elizabeth I remembered? What legacy did she leave?	duplicitous	annulment
beyond 1066		to the time of Edward the Confessor The achievements of the earliest	Charles II		
Monarchs through time		civilizations	How is Charles II remembered? What legacy did he leave?		
		A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history	Queen Victoria How is Queen Victoria remembered?		
		Ancient Greece – a study of Greek	What legacy did she leave?		
		life and achievements and their influence on the western world	Summary In your opinion, who was the greatest past		
		Windrush generation	monarch? Why is that?		

Year group, Unit	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2	Tier 3
Title and Name	<u> </u>		, ,	Vocabulary	Vocabulary
Y6	INVASION	Changes in Britain from the Stone	Cause	ferocious	anti-Semitic
	COMMUNITY	Age to the Iron Age	Why did Britain declare war on Germany in		
Unit 2b	Monarchy, King, Conflict, Democracy,	The Roman Empire and its impact	1939?	infantry	Luftwaffe
A study of an	Dictator, Freedom,	on Britain	Food shortage	civilians	blitzkrieg
aspect or theme in British history	Laws, Military, Parliament, Prime	Britain's settlement by Anglo-	Why was rationing introduced?	intercept	evacuated
that extends	Minister, Rights, War	Saxons and Scots	Threat		
pupils'		The Viking and Anglo-Saxon	Why were people evacuated from cities?	radar	rationing
chronological		struggle for the Kingdom of England	Battle of Britain		hladraut
knowledge beyond 1066		to the time of Edward the Confessor	What happened in the Battle of Britain?	occupation	blackout
1		The achievements of the earliest			
Battle of Britain		civilizations	Bombing cities		
			The Blitz: how did Hitler continue to attack		
		A non-European society that	Britain?		
		provides contrasts with British			
		history	Consequence		
		Ancient Greece – a study of Greek	How did conflict change society in the		
		life and achievements and their	Second World War?		
		influence on the western world			
		initioence on the western world			
		Windrush generation			
		Monarchs through time			

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y6	COMMUNITY	Coming soon	Coming soon	Coming soon	Coming soon
Unit 3					
 Local history study					
Peterloo Massacre					

Long Term Plan

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nur	Exploring Me- my family my pets/ My friends/ my class, my school/birthdays/describe events in detail Black History Month	Traditions and special days-celebrations. Remembrance		Life cycles of humans including thinking about when they were babies, then toddlers	Journeys children have made – eg to shop, holidays etc	
Rec	Explore Me- my family my pets/ My friends/ my class, my school/birthdays/describe events in detail Black History Month	Traditions and special dayscelebrations. Remembrance		Life cycles of humans including thinking about when they were babies, then toddlers	Significant journeys - Sir Edmund Hillary's journey? Shackleton? First flight – Emilia Earhart?	

Y1 cusp	Cusp unit 1	Cusp Unit 2	Cusp Unit 3	Unit 4 revisit changes in
-	Changes within living	The lives of significant	More lives of significant	living memory
18 lessons	memory	people	people: Tim Peakes	
3 vocab units		Mary Anning & David	Bernard Harris Jr	3 lessons
	6 lessons	Attenborough	Mae Jemison	No Vocab unit
	Plus vocab unit	Ŭ		
		6 lessons	3 lessons	
		Plus vocab unit	Plus vocab unit	

Y2 cusp	Cusp unit 1Events beyond living memory – Great Fire of London	Unit 2 Significant historical events, people and places in their own	Unit 3: Significant people and events	
		locality		
	6 lessons	Teacher to write unit	Mary Seacole life and work.	
	Plus vocab unit			
		6 lessons		
Y3 cusp	Unit 1	Unit 2	Black history of Manchester.	Local study = Manchester
	Changes in Britain from the Stone	The Roman Empire and its impact	Teacher to write this unit.	Suffragettes
	Age to the Iron Age	on Britain	6 lessons	Teacher to write unit.
			Plus vocab unit to be made	
	7 lessons	8 lessons Plus vocab unit		
	Plus vocab unit			
Y4 cusp	Unit 1a	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3
	Black History	Britain's settlement by Anglo-	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon	The achievements of the earliest
20 lessons	Nelson Mandela	Saxons and Scots	struggle for the Kingdom of	civilizations
3 vocab	Rosa Parks		England to the time of Edward the	Ancient Egypt
modules	Martin Luther King	6 lessons	Confessor	
		Plus vocab module		7 lessons
			7 lessons	Plus vocab module
			Plus vocab module	
Y5 new	Y5Unit 1	Cusp Unit 2	No unit 3	
	A non-European society that	Ancient Greece – a study of Greek	5	
19 lessons	provides contrasts with British	life and achievements and their	Black people in Tudor times	
Plus vocab	history Maya c.AD 900	influence on the western world	Teacher to write unit	
mode		7 1	Classes	
		7 lessons	6 lessons	
Y6 New	Unit 1	Plus Vocab Mode Unit 2b	Unit 2a	If there is time in the summer
Yonew				
	A study of an aspect or theme in	A study of an aspect or theme in	A study of an aspect or theme in	term:
18 lessons	British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond	British history that extends pupils'	British history that extends pupils'	Local Study - Poterios Massacro
3 vocab units	1066	chronological knowledge beyond 1066	chronological knowledge beyond 1066	Local Study – Peterloo Massacre
3 VOCAD UTIKS	1000	Battle of Britain	Monarchs through time	
	Windrush generation	Dattie Of Britain	Monarchs unough unle	WW1 to be covered by a special
	William usii yelleralion	6 lessons	6 lessons plus vocab module	day in November / Remembrance
	6 lessons	0 10330113	o icasona piua vocab inodule	day in November / Nemembrance
	Plus vocab module			
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History National Curriculum Coverage

	Bullet point in national curriculum, Development Matters or Early Learning Goals	Where do we cover it at SJB?
EYFS	Children aged 3-4 will: Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. (Development Matters).	Aut1 - Exploring Me- my family my pets/ My friends/ my class, my school/ birthdays/ describe events in detail Aut2 - Traditions and special days-celebrations. Spring 2 - Life cycles of humans including thinking about when they were babies, then toddlers
	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. (Development Matters).	Autumn2 - Remembrance
	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. (Development Matters).	
	Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. (ELG)	People who help us??
	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now,	
	drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (ELG).	
	Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. (ELG).	

	Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life	Y1 Cusp Unit 1
KS1	Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries	Y2 Cusp Unit 1
	The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and	Y2 Rosa Parks & Emily Davison Unit (or
	international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in	Mary Seacole & Edith Cavill) Teacher to
	different periods [for example, Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria, Christopher	write the unit

	Columbus and Neil Armstrong, William Caxton and Tim Berners-Lee, Pieter Bruegel the Elder and LS Lowry, Rosa Parks and Emily Davison, Mary Seacole and/or Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell]	
	Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.	Y2 –Teacher needs to write this as the Cusp unit is based on East Anglia – can use Cusp as a proforma.
	Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Examples (non statutory) could include: Iate Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early farmers, for example, Skara Brae Bronze Age religion, technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture	Y3 Cusp Unit 1
	The Roman empire and its impact on Britain. Examples (non-statutory) could include: Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55-54 BC the Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army successful invasion by Claudius and conquest, including Hadrian's Wall British resistance, for example, Boudica 'Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity	Y3 Cusp Unit 2
KS2	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots Examples (non statutory) This could include: Roman withdrawal from Britain in c. AD 410 and the fall of the western Roman Empire Scots invasions from Ireland to north Britain (now Scotland) Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms: place names and village life Anglo-Saxon art and culture Christian conversion – Canterbury, Iona and Lindisfarne	Y4 Cusp Unit 1
	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Examples (non statutory) could include: Viking raids and invasion resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England further Viking invasions and Danegeld	Y4 Cusp Unit 2 The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor

Anglo-Saxon laws and justice	
Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066	
A local history study	Y3 The suffragettes of Manchester Teacher
Examples (non statutory) could include:	to write unit
 a depth study linked to one of the British areas of study listed above 	
 a study over time tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality (this can go beyond 1066) 	Y5 Victorian Manchester
 a study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality. 	
A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils'	Y6 Unit 1
chronological knowledge beyond 1066.	Windrush generation
Examples (non statutory) could include:	
 the changing power of monarchs using case studies such as John, Anne 	
and Victoria	Tudors – Y5 Black history unit
 changes in an aspect of social history, such as crime and punishment from 	Victorians Y5 Local History
the Anglo-Saxons to the present or leisure and entertainment in the 20 th Century	WW1 – special day in November
 the legacy of Greek or Roman culture (art, architecture or literature) on 	Cusp Y6 2b WW2 – battle of Britain
later periods in British history, including the present day	
 a significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways or the Battle of Britain 	
The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the	Y4 Cusp Unit 3
first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China	The achievements of the earliest
Sumer, The indus valley, Ancient Egypt, The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China	civilizations: Ancient Egypt
Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on	Y5 Cusp Unit 2
the western world	13 Cusp Office
A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study	Y5 Cusp Unit 1
chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900;	
Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300.	